



# IMPACT STORY

RESEARCH AND ACTION
ACROSS SCALES: Expanding
Support for Small-Scale Fishers
as "Ocean Defenders"





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The UN defines environmental human rights defenders (EHRDs) as "individuals and groups who, in their personal or professional capacity and in a peaceful manner, strive to protect and promote human rights relating to the environment." EHRDs draw attention to the links between unsustainable environmental decisions and negative impacts on human rights.

Though entitled to the rights and protections set out in the 1998 UN Declaration on Human Rights Defenders, EHRDs are increasingly the object of (often lethal) attacks by governments and private actors as well as harassment, denigration, and side-lining.

The Hub recognises the key role of EHRDs in ocean governance and seeks to provide support at multiple levels

to strengthen their protection and acknowledge their value. We do this through:

- working directly with ocean defenders to support them;
- raising awareness of the human rights of ocean defenders; and
- strengthening international support for ocean defenders.

### **Direct support for ocean defenders**

Our Hub South African team have invested in working with communities to better understand their needs. Over time, researchers in the Coastal Justice Network (CJN) have built partnerships with small-scale fishers (SSF) and coastal Indigenous communities. Through these partnerships, researchers, SSF leaders, and environmental justice organisations have been able to respond collaboratively to a range of injustices perpetrated on coastal communities and environments, including:

- social harms the criminalisation of livelihoods and associated killing of fishers in Marine Protected Areas
- environmental harms expansion of coastal mining and offshore oil and gas operations
- economic harms the blocking of SSF rights by industrial fishing associations



The CJN seeks to facilitate stronger partnerships between different leadership structures at the local level, with the goal of enhancing the agency of

small-scale fishers, as well as strengthening the networks of organisations that small-scale fishers can draw upon to support them, in defending their rights. The Coastal Justice Network is working to secure ongoing funding so that they can dependably provide ongoing research, legal and financial support for SSFs and their communities.

Justice Network

Winter/Summer School on Human Rights and the Environment, organised by the UN Environment Programme (UNEP) and the Global Network for Human

Hub researchers provided input to the 2021 and 2022

the Global Network for Human Rights and the Environment (GNHRE). We worked with the School organisers to conceptualise the focus for the 2022 School: Water – from oceans to taps. Its aim was to help environmental and human rights scholars, practitioners, and activists think about the water system in relation to their existing work. Hub researchers affiliated with the

CJN and Empatheatre in South Africa organised panels at the Schools, including on stories of ocean defenders in South Africa and the relevance of art as a tool of resistance.

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Through actions such as the Empatheatre plays, CJN members are working more broadly to facilitate transformative public dialogues about social injustices and rights violations in the coastal and ocean space.

## Raising awareness of the human rights of ocean defenders

Another form of support for ocean defenders is raising awareness of the work they do and the challenges and threats they face. We are working to make legal professionals more aware of the need to recognise and protect the human rights of ocean defenders. We are also helping ocean defenders understand their own human rights and are facilitating EHRD communities to share their experiences and build alliances with each other.

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Dr Dina Lupin Director of the Global Network for Human Rights and the Environment



The panels shared Hub research and also included representatives of SSF collectives, who reflected on their involvement in resisting and seeking alternatives to ocean oil and gas exploration, coastal mining, enclosure of the ocean commons, and un-democratic ocean governance. Dr Dina Lupin, GNHRE Deputy Director, commented: "I found myself thinking"

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Members of the Hub South African team have continued to work with GNHRE and UNEP, co-organising a March 2023 workshop "on defenders for defenders" to share lessons learnt across regions and thematic areas from freshwater to ocean to land. Taryn Pereira (Rhodes University, South Africa) from CJN organised a panel of South African ocean defenders, entitled "Stories from small-scale fisher ocean defenders in South Africa." They shared their experiences and analysis of the South African government's approach to growing its blue economy, detailing the damage done as well as communities' solidarity strategies.

The workshop provided a point of connection between EHRDs who, despite being in different countries, identified similar strategies of governments, such as militarising Indigenous spaces and using participation mechanisms to create an appearance of inclusion while actually silencing communities. Arts were highlighted as an effective resistance

tool, able to create bonds among communities and raise awareness of specific struggles.

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development of a global project led by IUCN to document threats to and good practices on ocean defenders; Taryn Pereira from CJN is contributing a case study to this initiative. And the ongoing Empatheatre productions Lalela uLwandle and

We have also supported the

Umkhosi Wenala can be seen as human rights practices in themselves – practices

that support the understanding and protection of human rights by duty bearers, as well as practices that protect EHRDs and contribute to the legal empowerment of human rights-holders.

## IMPACT!

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# Expanding international support for ocean defenders

The UN Environment Programme (UNEP) has been working to support environmental defenders by denouncing attacks on them, advocating with state and non-state actors for



better protection of their human rights, and requesting accountability when attacks occur. Yet, there has been a blind spot in UN initiatives on EHRDs: they have been overwhelmingly focused on land, ignoring those defending the ocean.

We are working to ensure that EHRDs are understood to include the SSFs,

IMPACT! Indigenous peoples, and local

Hub research and methods to work with ocean defenders were considered relevant by the UN Environment Programme to inform the implementation of the 2023 UN Guidance on the Protection of Environmental Human Rights Defenders.

affected by blue economy initiatives. To this end, Hub researchers took part in consultations organised by UNEP and the Universal Rights Group, with the support of the UN Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights 2021.

At the global consultation, Hub Hub Deputy Director **Philile Mbatha** (University of Strathclyde, UK) and early-career researcher **Aphiwe Moshani** (University of Cape Town, South Africa) shared their relevant research on SSF communities. They provided an overview of the expansion of blue economy interventions on the KwaZulu-Natal (KZN) coast. They pointed to the long history of criminalisation of traditional SSFs in this area, starting in the 1950s when conservation interventions escalated in northern KZN. Today, SSF communities are still facing forced removals, dispossession, insecure rights, and loss of traditional livelihoods. Hub research and methods to work with ocean defenders were considered relevant by the UN Environment Programme to inform the implementation of the 2023 UN Guidance on

the Protection of Environmental Human Rights Defenders. Addressed to UN Resident Coordinators, this Guidance will help allocate financial and other resources at the national level.

At the regional African consultation on "existing good practices to support EHRDs and their communities," Hub researchers involved in the CJN and Empatheatre presented on their work in partnership with SSF communities. They discussed the threats to and challenges faced by EHRDs with whom they partner and how the Network has sought to provide support. The South African team's findings and approaches to enhancing participation and inclusion of SSF will be included in the good practices documented by UNEP. By shining light on the key work of ocean defenders, the Hub is both strengthening EHRD as a framework and expanding it to include the ocean.

#### **Publications:**

- N Bennet, R López de la Lama, P Le Billon, I Ertör, and E Morgera. Ocean defenders and human rights (2022) 9 Frontiers in Marine Science. https://doi.org/10.3389/ fmars.2022.1089049.
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- Pereira, T. (2023). Ocean-defending small-scale fishers in South Africa say no to seismic surveys. N. Bennett & R. Lopez de la Lama (Eds.). The Ocean Defenders Project. Online at http://oceandefendersproject.org
- 4. Pereira, T., & Erwin, K. (2023). Surfacing solidarity praxis in transdisciplinary research for blue justice. Ecosystems and People, 19(1), 2260502.
- K Erwin, T Pereira, D McGarry, and N Coppen. Lalela Ulwandle: An experiment in plural governance discussions, in Rose Bosewell et al. (ed), The Palgrave Handbook of Blue Heritage (Palgrave, 2022), 383-409.





